Creda

CF50E Installation & User Instructions

You must read these instructions prior to using the appliance and retain them for future reference.



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Our site invites you to make use of our **interactive cookbook** and **product selector**. Feel free to **browse our product range** to see what's **bubbling away** at the moment or to **ask for help** on our products and services



General Domestic Appliances Ltd. Morley Way Peterborough PE2 9JB Creda Answer Centre 08701 54 64 74 Web http://www.creda.co.uk

It may be necessary from time to time to change the specification outlined in this booklet without notice. Any change which is made will not affect your statutory rights.

Contents

Introduction	4
Installation	5
For your Safety – Always	7
For your Safety – Never	8
Features	9
Control Panel	10
Ceramic Hob	11
Ceramic Hob - General Information	12
Temperature Conversion Scale	17
Speedgrill	18
Guide to Grilling	20
Oven Temperature Chart – Meat	21
Oven Temperature Chart – Baking	22
Oven Cookery Notes	23
Using the Oven for other Functions	25
Care and Cleaning	26
Cooking Results Not Satisfactory	28
Something Wrong with your Cooker	29
Key Contacts	Back Cover

Introduction

Your new appliance is guaranteed* and will give lasting service. This guarantee is only applicable if the appliance has been installed in accordance with the installation instructions detailed in this booklet.

To help make best use of your cooking equipment, please read this booklet carefully.

The cooker is designed specifically for domestic use and responsibility will not be accepted for use in any other installation.

When the cooker is first used an odour may be emitted, this will cease after a period of use

When first using the cooker ensure that the room is well ventilated (e.g. open a window or use an extractor fan) and that persons who may be sensitive to the odour avoid any fumes. It is suggested that any pets be removed from the room until the smell has ceased. This odour is due to temporary finish on oven liners and elements and also any moisture absorbed by the insulation.

*	The guara	ntee is subject to the provisions that the appliance:
	(a)	Has been used solely in accordance with the Users Instruction Book.
	(b)	Has been properly connected to a suitable supply voltage as stated on the rating plate attached to this equipment.
	(c)	Has not been subjected to misuse or accident or been modified or repaired by any person other than the authorised employee or agent.
	(d)	Has been correctly installed.

Disposal of your product

To minimise the risk of injury to children please dispose of your product carefully and safely. Remove all doors and lids. Remove the mains cable (where fitted) by cutting off flush with the appliance and always ensure that no plug is left in a condition where it could be connected to the electricity supply.

To help the environment, Local Authority instructions should be followed for the disposal of your product.

This appliance conforms to the following EEC Directives:

Electromagnetic Compatibility 89/336/EEC 92/31/EEC 93/68/EEC Low Voltage Equipment 73/23/EEC 93/68/EEC CE

Installation

WARNING - THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.

Your cooker should have been checked to ensure that the voltage corresponds with your supply voltage, this is stated on the **rating plate**, which is situated on the rear panel. The cooker must be connected by a competent person such as one who is NICEIC registered, to suitable double-pole control unit with a minimum rating of 45A and a minimum contact clearance of 3mm, which should be fitted adjacent to the cooker, in accordance with latest IEE regulations.

The power supply cable should conform to B.S.6004 with a conductor size of 6mm² minimum.

The control unit should be easily accessible in the event of an emergency, but must be within 2 metres of and not directly above an appliance.

This appliance conforms to EN 55014 regarding suppression of radio and television interference.

Access to the **mains terminals** is gained by removing the **rear access cover**.

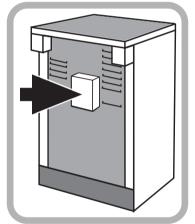
The mains cable must pass through the cable clamp adjacent to the terminal block. Sufficient cable should be used to allow the cooker to be pulled out for servicing.

Ensure that the mains cable is routed away from any brackets affixed to the rear panel and is not trapped to the rear wall when pushing the cooker into position between cabinets.

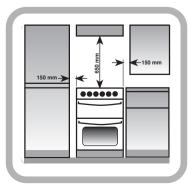
The height of the cooker can be adjusted by means of adjustable feet in the plinth (900mm - 915mm). Adjust the feet by tilting the cooker from the side. Then install the product into position.

The cooker is designed to fit between kitchen cabinets spaced 500mm apart. The space either side need only be sufficient to allow withdrawal of the cooker for servicing. It can be used with cabinets one side or both as well as in a corner setting. It can also be used free-standing.

This cooker is a type X appliance, as such adjacent side walls which project above hob level, must not be nearer to the cooker than 150mm and should be protected by heat resistant material. Any overhanging surface or cooker hood should not be nearer 650mm. **Note:** This appliance must not be fitted on a platform.

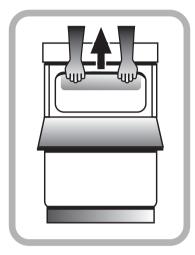


Siting the Cooker



Installation

Moving the Cooker



Before moving your cooker check that it is cool, and switch off at the cooker control unit.

Movement of your cooker is most easily achieved by lifting the front as follows:

Open the grill door sufficiently to allow a comfortable grip on the underside front edge of the oven roof, avoiding any grill elements.

Note: Take care in moving the cooker as it is heavy. Take care to ensure that any floor covering is not damaged.

Safety Information

When used properly your appliance is completely safe but as with any electrical product there are certain precautions that must be observed. PLEASE READ THE PRECAUTIONS BELOW BEFORE USING YOUR APPLIANCE.

Always

- Remove all packing from the appliance before switching on for the first time.
- Understand the controls prior to using the appliance.
- Keep children away from the appliance when cooking as the surfaces will get extremely hot during and after use.
- Turn controls off when not in use.
- Stand back when opening an oven door to allow any build up of steam or heat to disperse.
- Always use dry good quality oven gloves when removing items from the oven/grill.
- Always place pans centrally over the hotplate making sure handles are kept away from the edge of the hob and cannot become heated by other hotplates or pans.
- Always take care to avoid heat or steam burns when operating the controls.
- Always turn off the electricity supply at the wall switch and allow the appliance to cool before cleaning (or changing an oven lamp if fitted).
- Always make sure the shelves are in the correct position before switching on the oven or grill.
- Always keep the oven/grill door closed when the appliance is <u>not</u> in use.
- Always keep the appliance clean as a build up of grease or fat from cooking can cause a fire.
- Always follow the basic principles of food handling and hygiene to prevent the possibility of bacterial growth.
- Always keep ventilation slots clear of obstructions.
- Always refer servicing to a qualified appliance service engineer.
- Always take care when removing items from the grill compartment when the lower oven is in use as the contents will be hot
- Always turn off the electricity supply to the appliance at the wall switch should any glass panel (if fitted) crack or shatter and then DO NOT USE THE APPLIANCE until repaired.
- During use, the oven becomes hot. Care should be taken to avoid touching heating elements inside the oven.

Safety Information

Never

- Never leave children unsupervised where a cooking appliance is installed as all surfaces will be hot during and after its use.
- Never allow anyone to sit or stand on any part of the appliance.
- Never store items above the appliance that children may attempt to reach.
- Never leave anything on the hob surface when unattended and not in use.
- Never remove the oven shelves whilst the oven is hot.
- Never heat up unopened food containers as pressure can build up causing the container to burst.
- Never store chemicals/food stuffs or pressurised containers in or on the appliance, or in cabinets immediately above or next to the appliance.
- Never place flammable or plastic items on or near the hob.
- Never fill a deep fat frying pan more than 1/3 full of oil. Never use a lid. DO NOT LEAVE DEEP FAT FRYING PANS UNATTENDED WHILE COOKING.
- Never use the appliance as a room heater.
- Never use the grill to warm plates.
- Never dry any items on either the hob or oven doors.
- Never install the appliance next to curtains or other soft furnishings.
- Never operate the grill with the grill door closed as this will cause the appliance to over heat.
- Never use steam cleaners.
- Never stare at halogen heating units.

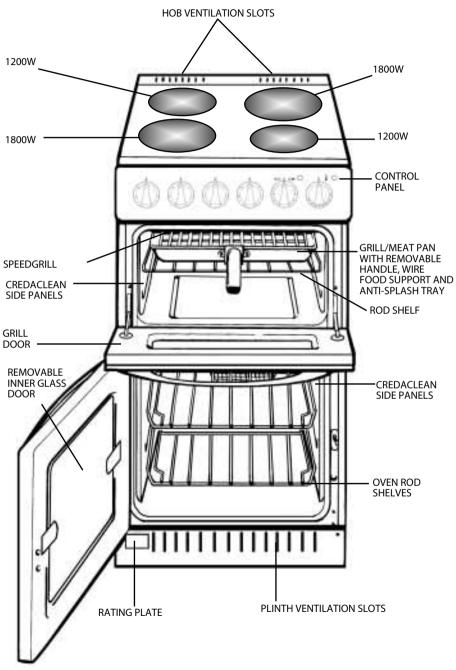
SAFETY ADVICE IN CASE OF A CHIP-PAN FIRE

In the event of a chip pan fire or any other pan fire.

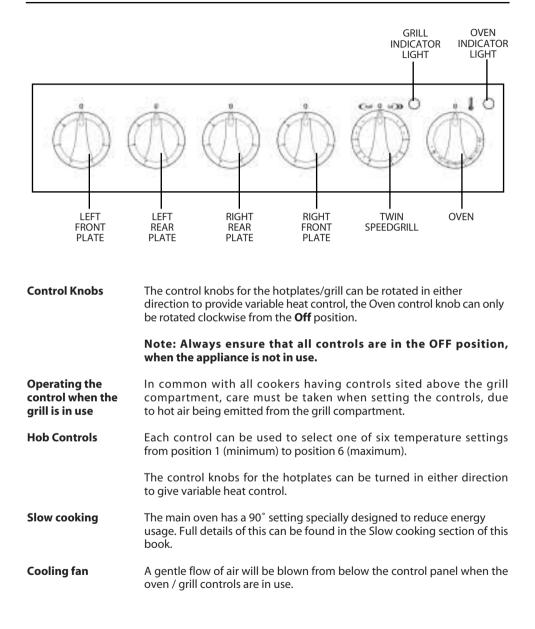
- 1. TURN OFF THE COOKER APPLIANCE AT THE WALL SWITCH.
- 2. COVER THE PAN WITH A FIRE BLANKET OR DAMP CLOTH, this will smother the flames and extinguish the fire.
- 3. LEAVE THE PAN TO COOL FOR AT LEAST 60 MINUTES BEFORE MOVING IT. Injuries are often caused by picking up a hot pan and rushing outside with it.

NEVER USE A FIRE EXTINGUISHER TO PUT OUT A PAN FIRE as the force of the extinguisher is likely to tip the pan over. Never use water to extinguish oil or fat fires.

Features



Control Panel



Ceramic Hob

CAUTION: IF ANY CRACK IN THE SURFACE BECOMES VISIBLE, TURN OFF THE MAINS COOKER SWITCH.

Under no circumstances should the hob be used with aluminium foil in contact with the hob surface. The following boiling plates are located beneath the circular cooking areas:-

Front Right	6 Heat 1200W
Rear Left	6 Heat 1200W
Rear Right	6 Heat 1800W
Front Left	6 Heat 1800W

The cooking areas change colour when heated (become red) indicating which heating element is turned on. The cooking area returns to its original colour when the heating element is switched **OFF and cools.**

Hotplates

When the control is turned from the **0** position, the settings on the control knob will show **1** - **6**, these are 6 fixed positions for cooking.

6 is the highest setting, for fast cooking. To reduce the heat to cook more slowly or simmer, turn the knob to a lower setting which will vary according to size and type of saucepan, the amount and type of food, and whether or not the lid is fitted. Pans can be placed on the unheated areas of the panel when cooking is finished and before serving food.

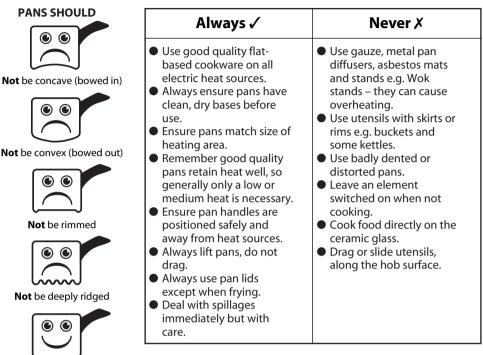
It is inadvisable at any time to leave a heating element switched on without a pan in position as this wastes energy, and could make soil or rub-off from aluminium pans more difficult to remove. To protect elements against overheating, safety cut-outs have been incorporated with each element. After several minutes with the control at setting **6** the

safety cut-out switches the element **Off** and **On** continuously, thus preventing any adverse effects that may be caused by an excessive build-up of heat in the cooking area.

Setting **1** provides low input for simmering. The control will be **Off** when the control knob is turned to the **O** position.

If the hob should become cracked, **never use until repaired**. Always ensure that saucepan handles are positioned safely.

General Information Notes - Ceramic Hobs



But essentially Flat

✓ suitable X unsuitable *care should be taken when using any pans on these surfaces not to drag and cause scratching.

THE BEST COMBINATIONS

This table is a general guide to the types of pan suitable for different types of hobs and cookers. Remember pans should be good quality, with smooth, flat bases. For any further information refer to manufacturers' instructions.

	Ceramic*	Halogen*
Aluminium	1	1
Stainless steel with single layer copper base	×	×
Stainless steel with sandwich bases of aluminium and stainless or alu- minium and copper.	1	1
Enamelled steel	1	1
Enamelled aluminium	\checkmark	1
Enamelled based cast iron	✓ With Extra Care	
Copper	×	X
Toughened glass or ceramic/ glass/pottery	Not Recommended	
Mild steel, Ferro-magnetic or stainless with a magnetic sandwich base	1	1

General Information Notes (Ceramic Hobs)

Do Not

- **Do not** cook directly on the hob surface without a cooking utensil, as this will result in damage to the surface of the hob.
- **Do not** use the hob as a worktop surface as damage may occur to the smooth surface of the hob.
- **Do not** drag or slide utensils on the hob surface, as this will cause scratches in the surface of the hob.
- **Do not** allow a cooking utensil to come into contact with the hob surround.
- **Do not** place anything between the base of the utensil and the ceramic hob, e.g. do not use asbestos mats, aluminium or wok stand.



- **Do not** leave any utensils, food or combustible items on the hob when it is not in use.
- **Do not** place aluminium or plastic foil, or plastic containers on the hob.
- **Do not** leave the hotplates or cooking areas switched **On** unless they are being used.
- We recommend not to place large preserving pans or fish kettles across two heating areas.
- **Do not** leave utensils partly covering the heated areas. Always ensure that they are placed centrally over the heated areas and have the same diameter as the heating area used.



We recommend not to use a utensil with a base diameter greater than 25cm (l0ins).

Pressure cookers or other large pans should be used on the front cooking areas.

Always ensure that saucepan handles are positioned safely.

General Information Notes (Ceramic Hobs)

Safety requirements for deep fat frying

IMPORTANT – As with any cooking appliance there could be some fire risk attached to the heating of oil, particularly for deep fat frying, cooking utensils containing oil **must not be left unattended** (e.g. to answer the telephone) on or in close proximity to the patterned cooking areas.

- 1. Use a deep pan, large enough to completely cover the appropriate heating area.
- 2. Never fill the pan more than one-third full of fat or oil.
- 3. Never leave oil or fat unattended during the heating or cooking period.
- 4. Do not try to fry too much food at a time, especially frozen food. This only lowers the temperature of the oil or fat too much, resulting in greasy food.
- 5. Always dry food thoroughly before frying, and lower it slowly into the hot oil or fat. Frozen foods, in particular, will cause frothing and spitting, if added to quickly.
- 6. Never heat fat, or fry, with a lid on the pan.
- 7. Keep the outside of the pan clean and free from streaks of oil or fat.

SAFETY ADVICE IN CASE OF A CHIP-PAN FIRE

In the event of a chip pan fire or any other pan fire.

- 1. TURN OFF THE COOKER APPLIANCE AT THE WALL SWITCH.
- 2. COVER THE PAN WITH A FIRE BLANKET OR DAMP CLOTH, this will smother the flames and extinguish the fire.
- 3. LEAVE THE PAN TO COOL FOR AT LEAST 60 MINUTES BEFORE MOVING IT. Injuries are often caused by picking up a hot pan and rushing outside with it.

NEVER USE A FIRE EXTINGUISHER TO PUT OUT A PAN FIRE as the force of the extinguisher is likely to tip the pan over. Never use water to extinguish oil or fat fires.

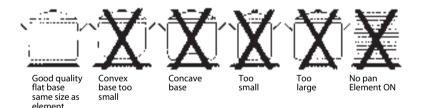
Choosing Your Utensils

Choosing your utensils

Below are some guidelines to help you make the right choice of utensils. To obtain a satisfactory performance from a ceramic hob and to avoid unnecessary damage, we recommend the use of good quality utensils with smooth flat bases.

Remember

- 1. Purchasing a new pan will not necessarily mean it will have a flat base, always check before buying. See diagram below.
- 2. Using the correct pans and utensils will result in maximum contact with the hob and maximum efficiency as with any type of electric hob.
- Do use good quality smooth flat based utensils.
- **Do use** a utensil which has approximately the same base area as the heating area zone being used.
- **Do use** utensils which have more than sufficient capacity for the amount of food being cooked to prevent boil over or spillage.
- **Do use** utensils with good fitting lids.
- Do use a low dome pressure cooker for best results.



WARNING: Extreme caution should be used when cleaning the hot hob.

Important

- Always clean up any spillage immediately with a clean cloth or a paper towel to avoid unnecessary damage to the hob.
 Extreme care should be taken to avoid steam burns and hot surfaces when cleaning spillage from the hob.
- 2. When cooking food which contains sugar (most food) or syrup, use a utensil which is large enough to prevent boil over or spillage. Sugar spillage will permanently damage the hob and therefore should be cleaned off with care immediately. If sugar spillage has occurred, remove it as long as it is still hot with a metal safety razor scraper provided. This will avoid any damage. NEVER LET IT COOL BEFORE REMOVING.
- 3. Always ensure that the base of the utensil is dry before placing on the ceramic hob.

Choosing Your Utensils

Do not use utensils with rough bases.

- **Do not** use lightweight utensils with thin, distorted or uneven bases.
- **Do not** use lightweight enamelled steel utensils.
- Do not use cast iron utensils.
- **Do not** use utensils with recessed, scrolled or ridged bases.
- **Do not** use a utensil which has a base concavity greater than I mm as this will reduce the performance of the hob.
- **Do not** use a utensil with a convex base.
- **Do not** use glass ceramic utensils.
- **Do not** use use lightweight saucepans with plain thin copper bases on ceramic or halogen hotplates.

Note: All copper pans are excellent conductors of heat, and are hard wearing and strong, but need quite a lot of care. They can be very heavy and do not usually have completely flat bases. The interiors are usually lined with a different material such as tin.

A stainless steel pan with a sandwich base of aluminium and stainless steel is an excellent conductor of heat and is suitable for use on ceramic and halogen hobs, providing they are used in accordance with the saucepans manufacturers' recommendations.

Stainless steel pans with a sandwich base of aluminium and copper are excellent conductors of heat. If using stainless steel saucepans with aluminium and copper sandwich bases on ceramic and halogen hobs, the use of these pans must be in accordance with the saucepan manufacturers' recommendations. Extra care should be taken to ensure the base of the pan and the hob is cleaned, and the hob conditioned, after each and every use, when using this type of saucepan.

If these recommendations are not followed, the result will be a build up of small copper deposits on the surface of your hob which, if not cleaned after each use, will result in permanent marking of your hob.

Always lift the pan from the hob, **do not** drag or slide across the hob surface as damage may occur.

Temperature Conversion Chart

Gas Mark	٩F	Main Convection Oven	Top Convection Oven	Main Fan Oven
1/2	250	120	110	100
1	275	140	130	120
2	300	150	140	130
3	325	160	150	140
4	350	180	170	160
5	375	190	180	170
6	400	200	190	180
7	425	220	210	200
8	450	_	220	210
9	475	_	_	220

Speedgrill

CAUTION - ACCESSIBLE PARTS MAY BECOME HOT WHEN THE GRILL IS IN USE. CHILDREN SHOULD BE KEPT AWAY.

Your cooker is not fitted with a conventional type of grill. Creda have developed a **high speed** grill, which is designed to reduce your grilling times. It is quicker because it takes less time to warm up from cold. Conventional grills require 5 minutes preheat before food is placed beneath them, but for normal grilling the **Speedgrill** can be used directly from cold, without any preheat.

However, when toasting, optimum performance is achieved by preheating the grill for about 1 minute.

You will notice that the grill elements are protected by a wire mesh. Under no circumstances should pointed objects be inserted into the mesh. During use, the mesh may become soiled. Do not attempt to clean it while the grill is still on. Turn the cooker off at the control unit and wait until it has cooled down before cleaning.

Care must be taken to ensure the mesh is not distorted - do not store the grill pan handle on the grill pan grid when the rod shelf is in the top runner position.

There are two halves to the grill, one on the left and one on the right. You can choose to have both sides on, or just the left side on. Turning the control knob clockwise will switch both sides on. Turning it anti-clockwise, will only switch the left side on.

The numbers indicate the heat setting, **4** is the hottest and **1** the coolest.

DO NOT under any circumstances insert objects into the grill mesh as this could damage the glass tubes.

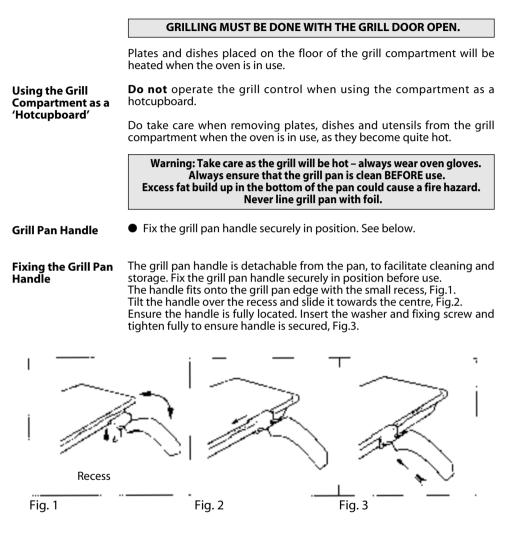
IMPORTANT GRILLING CANNOT BE UNDERTAKEN WITH THE GRILL DOOR CLOSED.

Grilling procedure:

- 1. Open the grill door fully.
- 2. Position the rod shelf as recommended in the Guide to Grilling chart, for the food being cooked.
- 3. Place the grill pan on the rod shelf, ensuring it is positioned centrally under the grill element.
- 4. **Never** line the grill pan with aluminium foil, as this may cause overheating of fat in the grill pan.

Note: To stop fat splashing onto the grill element mesh, it is important to use the anti-splash tray. Always clean the grill pan anti-splash tray and food grid after each use.

Grilling



Always fit the screw prior to use.

Guide To Grilling

Guide to grilling successfully

Food	Pre- heat	Shelf Position from base of oven.	Grill Setting	Approximate Cooking time
Toasting of Bread products	1 min	2 or 1	4	3 - 5 mins Grill pan and grid.
Small cuts of meat, sausages, bacon, etc.	None	2 or 1	4 for 4 mins. reduce to lower setting.	10 - 15 mins Grill pan and grid.
Chops etc. Gammon steaks Chicken pieces	None	1	4 for 6-8 mins. reduce to lower setting.	25 - 30 mins Grill pan and grid.
Fish: Whole Fillets	None	1 2	4	6 - 8 mins In the base of the grill pan.
Fish in breadcrumbs	None	2	3	10 - 15 mins Grill pan and grid.
Pre - Cooked potato products	None	2 or 1	3	10 - 12 mins In the base of the grill pan.
Pizzas	None	2 or 1	3	10 - 15 mins Grill pan and grid.
Browning of food	1 min	2 or 1	4	5 - 7 mins Dish placed directly on shelf.

Oven Temperature Charts – Meat

Fan Oven Cooking				
Meat	Pre- heat	Temperature ℃	Time (approx.)	
Beef	No	160/180	20-25 mins per 450g (1 lb) + 20 mins extra	
Lamb	No	160/180	25 mins per 450g (1 lb) + 25 mins extra	
Pork	No	160/180	25 mins per 450g (1 lb) + 25 mins extra	
Veal	No	160/170	25-30 mins per 450g (1 lb) + 25 mins extra	
Chicken/Turkey up to 4kg (8 lb)	No	160/180	18-20 mins per 450g (1 lb) + 20 mins extra	
Turkey up to 5.5kg (12 lb)	No	150/160	13-15 mins per 450g (1 lb) e.g. 5kg (1 lb) = 143-165 mir	
over 5.5kg (12 lb)	NO	150	12 mins per 450g (1 lb) e.g. 10kg (22 lb) = 264 min	
Casserole Stews	No	140-150	1 ¹ / ₂ - 2 Hrs	
If using aluminium for 1. Allow foil to touch s 2. Cover oven interior 3. Cover shelves with	sides of ov with foil.			

The most accurate method of testing the readiness of joints of meat or whole poultry is to insert a meat thermometer into the thickest part of a joint, or the thickest part of poultry thighs, during the cooking period. The meat thermometer will indicate when the required internal temp has been reached.

Beef –	Rare:	60°C	Lamb:	80°C	Poultry:	90°C
	Medium:	70°C	Pork:	90°C		
	Well Done:	75°C	Veal:	75°C		

Oven Temperature Charts – Baking

Baking	Fan Oven Cooking			
Food	Pre- heat	Temperature °C	Time in mins.	
Scones	Yes	210/220	9-12	
Small Cakes		170/180	15-20	
Victoria Sandwich		160/170	20-25	
Sponge Sandwich	Yes	170/190	15-20	
Swiss Roll	Yes	180/200	12-15	
Semi-rich Fruit cakes		140/150	75-90	
Rich Fruit Cakes		130/140	Time dependent on recipe.	
Shortcrust Pastry		190/200	45-50	
Puff Pastry		190/200	Time dependent on recipe.	
Yorkshire Pudding	Yes	180/190	40-45	
Individual Yorkshire Puddings	Yes	190/200	20-25	
Milk Pudding		130/140	105-135	
Baked Custard		140/150	40-50	
Bread	Yes	200/210	45-50	
Meringues		80-90	180-240	

Note: If soft margarine is used for cake making, temperatures recommended by the manufacturers should be followed.

Temperatures recommended in this chart refer to cakes made with block margarines or butter only.

Oven Cookery Notes

The oven is fitted with 'Credaclean' liners and t	two rod shelves.
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	To heat the oven, turn the control knob clockwise, selecting the required temperature between 80 $^{\circ}$ C (175 $^{\circ}$ F) and 230 $^{\circ}$ C (450 $^{\circ}$ F) as recommended in the temperature chart. The indicator light will immediately come on and remain on until the oven reaches the required temperature. This light will then automatically go off and on during cooking as the oven thermostat maintains the correct temperature.
	It should be noted that at the end of a cooking period there may be a momentary puff of steam when the oven door is opened. This will disperse in a few seconds and is a perfectly normal characteristic of an oven with a good door seal.
	Since a fan oven heats up more quickly, and generally cooks food at a lower temperature than a conventional oven, preheating the oven is often unnecessary. However food such as bread, scones, Yorkshire pudding, do benefit from being placed in a pre-heated oven.
	The cooking charts are a guide only, giving approximate cooking temperatures and times. To suit personal taste and requirements, it may be necessary to increase or decrease temperatures by 10 °C.
	Unless otherwise indicated in the charts, food is placed in a cold oven, i.e. without pre-heating. If food is placed in an already hot oven, the suggested cooking time should be reduced, depending on the type and quantity of food being cooked.
Oven Positions	Since the distribution of heat in the circulaire ovens is very even, most foods will cook satisfactorily on any shelf position, but the shelves should be evenly spaced. Do not fit shelves upside down. Additional shelves can be purchased through your oven supplier or Spares Centre. Never use more than 3 shelves in the oven as air circulation will be seriously restricted. To ensure even circulation do not use meat pans larger than 390 x 300mm (15" x 12") and baking trays no larger than 330 x 255mm (13" x 10"), these should be positioned centrally on the oven shelf. Food should not be placed directly on the floor of the oven. To avoid unnecessary cleaning, rod shelves which are not in use should be removed from the oven.
Temperature and Time	When three shelves are used to cook large quantities of food for home freezing or parties, it may be necessary to increase the cooking times given in the cooking charts by a few minutes, to allow for the loss of heat due to the extra time taken to load the oven, and the larger mass of food. Baking trays should allow an equal gap at either side of the oven.

N.B. Recipes in cookery books give times and temperatures for cooking in ordinary ovens. The introduction of improved thermal insulation on fan ovens makes it possible, in most cases, to reduce (a) the recommended temperature by $25^{\circ}C$ ($45^{\circ}F$) and

(b) the recommended time by approximately 10 minutes per hour.

Oven Cookery Notes

To prepare meat and poultry for roasting in your fan oven.

- (a) Wipe the meat or poultry, dry well and weigh it. Meat which has been stored in a refrigerator should be allowed to come to room temperature before cooking, and frozen meat or poultry must be completely defrosted before placing in the oven.
- (b) The weight of any stuffing used should be added before calculating the cooking time.
- (c) Place meat/poultry in the meat pan supplied with your cooker. Small joints weighing less than 1.75kg (3¹/₂ lbs) should be roasted in a smaller meat pan/tin - or they may be 'pot roasted' a small joint in a large meat pan causes unnecessary oven splashing and evaporation of meat juices.
- (d) Additional fat should not be added, except for veal, very lean meat or poultry which can either be 'larded' with fat bacon or brushed very sparingly with cooking oil or melted fat.
- (e) Beef, lamb, mutton and poultry may be dusted lightly with seasoned flour to give a crisp outer surface. The skin of duck and goose should be pricked to release excess fat during cooking, and the rind of pork should be scored, brushed lightly with oil, and rubbed with salt, to give crisp crackling.
- (f) Meat and poultry wrapped in, or covered with a tent of aluminium foil will be juicy and tender. Roasting bags offer the same advantages. Always follow the manufacturers pack instructions, and remember to reduce the temperatures given for conventional ovens by approximately 25°C and the time by approximately 10 minutes per hour.
- (g) Potatoes for roasting only require to be brushed with cooking oil or melted fat.
- (h) It is not necessary to baste when roasting in an electric oven and stock or liquid should not be added to a meat pan since this only causes unnecessary soiling, steam and condensation.

Frozen Meat
and PoultryJoints of meat and whole birds should be defrosted slowly, preferably
in a domestic refrigerator (allowing 5 - 6 hours per 450g, 1lb), or at
room temperature (allowing 2-3 hours per 450g, 1lb).

Using the Oven for Other Functions



"SLOW" Setting

This is used for slow cooking, keeping food warm and warming plates for short periods. Extra care should be taken when warming bone china, as it may be damaged in a hot oven.

DO NOT place food or plates directly on the oven floor as this could damage both the oven lining and the plates which are being warmed.

Advantages of "SLOW" cooking are:

The oven stays cleaner because there is less splashing. Timing of food is not as critical, so there is less fear of overcooking. Inexpensive joints of meat are tenderised. Fully loading the oven can be economical. Cooking times can be extended in some cases by up to 2 hours.

Operation:

- 1. Place the prepared food in the main oven and ensure the door is fully closed.
- 2. Select **90** (Slow Cooking Temperature) by turning the Oven Control clockwise ensuring the oven door fully closed.

Storage and re-heating of food:

- 1. If food is to be frozen or not used immediately, place it in a clean container and cool as soon as possible.
- 2. Always thaw frozen food completely in the refrigerator before re-heating.
- 3. Always reheat food thoroughly and ensure it is piping hot before serving.
- 4. Only re-heat food **once.**

Points to consider when preparing food for "SLOW" cooking:

- 1. Make sure that the dishes to be used will fit into the oven ensuring enough room for air to circulate.
- 2. All dishes cooked on the slow setting will require a minimum of 6 hours, however, if they are cooked for 1-2 hours longer then deterioration in their appearance may be noticed.
- 3. Never cook joints of meat over 2.7kg (6 lb) or poultry over 2.0kg (4lb 8oz). We do not recommend that joints of meat or poultry are stuffed before cooking on the slow setting.
- 4. To seal in the meat juices, always cook meat or poultry at 170°C for 30 minutes before wrapping in foil and placing on a rack over a tin (to allow good air circulation) before turning the control to the slow setting and cooking immediately.
- Always ensure that joints of pork and poultry are thoroughly cooked by checking with a meat thermometer before serving.
- 6. Always thaw frozen foods completely before cooking. We do not recommend placing frozen food in the oven to cook.
- 7. Always bring soups, liquids and casseroles to the boil before placing in the oven.
- 8. Ensure that casserole dishes have a good seal (not airtight) and cover to the top with foil to prevent loss of moisture.
- 9. Ensure that fruit and vegetables are cut into even sized small pieces to cook properly.
- 10. Always adjust seasoning before serving.
- 11. If using dried red kidney beans it is important that the beans are soaked and then boiled for a minimum of 10 minutes before using in any dish to destroy any toxins.
- 12. When cooking fish or egg dishes it may be necessary to check during cooking to avoid overcooking.

Care and Cleaning



Cleaning materials to avoid

TURN OFF THE MAIN COOKER WALL SWITCH BEFORE CLEANING. BEFORE SWITCHING ON AGAIN, ENSURE THAT ALL CONTROLS ARE IN THE OFF POSITION.

NEVER USE BIOLOGICAL WASHING POWDER, HARSH ABRASIVES, SCOURING PADS, AEROSOL CLEANERS OR OVEN CHEMICAL CLEANERS OF ANY KIND UNLESS SPECIFIED BELOW.

- 1. Plastic or nylon pads / scourers, these may scratch the surface.
- 2. Household abrasive powders.
- Oven chemical cleaners, aerosols and oven pads. Caustic cleaners such as these will etch the surface and attack the metal frame.
- 4. Bath and sink cleaners may mark the surface.

Ceramic hob

To reduce the amount of cleaning always ensure that the hob and cooking utensils are clean and dry before use. Regular use of cleaner conditioner is recommended for proper care and protection of the hob surface. Apply conditioner before using the hob for the first time. It contains a mild cleaning agent, so that subsequent applications may clean off soil and apply a protective film at the same time. For stubborn stains or heavy soiling use any of the following materials, and finish off with conditioner.

- 1. Cif, non-scratch scouring cream.
- 2. Liquid Gumption Kitchen Cleanser.
- 3. Special Powder Cleanser.

Powder Cleanser – Mineral deposits that are present in hard water, and some foods, may cause 'discolourations' that appear in the form of grey or brown stains. The stains sometimes appear to be in or under the glass surface. If there are some persistent stains after using any of the other recommended cleaning materials, powder cleanser may be applied, following the manufacturers instructions. **Do not use** abrasive cleaners or the powder cleanser on the painted metal framework.

Cleaner Conditioner – Regular use of the conditioner will make the surface easier to clean thus ensuring that years of heavy abrasive cleaning do not progressively dull the surface.

- **Grill Compartment** Remove the grill pan and the wire grid food support, it is best to wash these items immediately after use to prevent stains from being burnt on when used again. Wipe out the Grill compartment, use a fine steel wool soap pad to remove stubborn stains from the rod shelf and the floor of the compartment.
- **Speedgrill** To clean use a clean, damp, soapy cloth and wipe over. If stubborn stains remain, gently clean with a nylon scouring pad and wipe over with a damp cloth. **Do not use** metal cleaning utensils, wire wool or proprietary oven cleaners on the grill element mesh,
- Control Panel Wipe over the control panel with a damp cloth and polish with a dry cloth. Do not use cream cleaners, oven cleaners or aerosols, scouring pads or abrasive powder for cleaning the plastic knobs as damage will occur.

Care and Cleaning

Decorative Trims	It is advisable to clean the decorative trims regularly to prevent any build up of soiling. The recommended method of cleaning is to wipe over the trims with a soft cloth wrung out in warm water or mild non-abrasive cleaner. (If in doubt try the cleaner on a small area of trim which is not noticeable in normal use). Then, after wiping with a cloth wrung out in clear water, dry with a soft clean cloth.
Doors	Wipe over the outer door glass panels with a cloth wrung out in warm soapy water, then after wiping with a cloth wrung out in clear water, dry with a soft clean cloth. Ensure that glass doors are not subjected to any sharp mechanical blows.
	Glass Inner Door Panel (where fitted) – open the door fully and unscrew the two screws securing the glass panel, taking care not to allow the glass to fall. The glass panel may now be washed at the sink. Stubborn stains can be removed by using a fine steel wool soap pad. Ensure the glass panel is not subjected to any sharp mechanical blows. Take particular care not to damage the inner surface which is coated with a heat reflective layer. After cleaning, rinse and dry with a soft cloth. For slight soiling the inner glass panel may be cleaned, while still warm, without removing it from the door. Take care during cleaning not to damage or distort the door seals. Do not lift the door seal from the oven chassis, if necessary remove the seal by carefully unhooking the corner clips.
	Warning: The oven must not be operated with inner door glass removed.
	Take care during cleaning not to damage or distort the door seals. Do not lift the door seal from the oven chassis, if necessary remove the seal by carefully unbooking the corner clips. Take care that the rating label edges are not lifted during cleaning, and furthermore that the lettering is not blurred or removed.
Oven	Remove the rod shelves. Use a fine steel wool soap pad to remove stubborn stains from the rod shelves and the floor of the oven.
Oven Liners	The surface of the 'Credaclean' oven liners are treated on the mottled face with a special vitreous enamel which absorbs cooking soils. At temperatures of 220°C (425°F) or above, the special surface enables these soils to be slowly destroyed. The higher the temperature the more effective it is. In most cases normal cooking operation at this temperature will permit this cleaning operation to proceed during cooking. However if higher cooking temperatures are not used regularly it may be necessary, to prevent heavy soiling, to run the oven without a meat pan at maximum setting for a couple of hours. This may be necessary once a month or once every two or three months depending on the type and amount of oven cooking.
Oven Lamp Replacement	Warning: Switch off the appliance at the main cooker wall switch before replacing the oven lamp.
	Open the oven door and remove the rod shelves. Using a suitable cloth to protect the fingers grip the light glass dome, unscrew anti-clockwise and remove. Reach into the aperture with fingers, and unscrew the lamp anti- clockwise. Fit replacement lamp (15W 300°C rated SES), refit dome.

Cooking Results Not Satisfactory?

Problem	Check
Grilling Uneven cooking front to back	Ensure that the grill pan is positioned centrally below the grill element.
Fat splattering	Ensure that the grill is not set to too high a temperature. Use the anti-splash tray supplied under the food support.
Oven Baking Uneven rising of cakes	Ensure that the oven shelves are level by using a spirit level on the rod shelf and adjusting, using suitable packing e.g. wood, under the feet of the appliance. This should be checked both left to right and front to back. Ensure that the food is positioned centrally in the oven.
Sinking of cakes	The following may cause cakes to sink: 1. Preheat of fan ovens. 2. Cooking at too high a temperature. 3. Using normal creaming method with soft margarine.
Over/Under cooking Fast/Slow cooking	Refer to the cooking times and temperatures given in the oven temperature charts, however, it may be necessary to increase or decrease temperatures by 10°C to suit personal taste. Do not use utensils greater than 56mm (2 ¹ / ₄ ") in height, for roasting.

Something Wrong with your Cooker?

Before contacting your Creda Service Centre/Installer, check the problem guide below; there may be nothing wrong.

Problem	Check
Slight odour or small amount of smoke when using the cooker for the first time.	This is normal and should cease after a short period.
Nothing works.	Is the main cooker wall switch turned on? Check other appliances, there may be a power cut.
Grill does not work. Oven works.	Grill with the door open.
Grill keeps turning on and off.	When the grill control is operated at a setting less than maximum this is normal regulator operation and is not a fault.
Oven temperature seems too high or too low.	Check that the temperature has been set in accordance with the temperature charts. It may be necessary to increase or decrease the recommended temperature by up to 10°C to suit your taste.
Oven does not cook evenly.	Check that the temperature and shelf position are as recommended in the temperature charts. Check that the containers being used in the oven allow sufficient air flow around them. Check that the cooker is level.
Hotplates are slow to boil or will not simmer.	Check that your pans conform to the recommendations in these instructions.
Condensation on the wall at the rear of the cooker.	Steam and/or condensation may appear from the vent at the rear of the appliance when using an oven particularly for foods with a high water content e.g. frozen chips, roast chicken etc. This is normal and any excess should be wiped off.
Steam / Condensation in the oven after use.	 Steam is a by-product of cooking any food with a high water content. To help minimise always: a) Try to avoid leaving food in the oven to cool after being cooked. b) Use a covered container, wherever possible.

If you have been through the above list and there is still a problem. Contact Service see Key Contacts (back page).

Key Contacts Service

Creda has the largest appliance manufacturer's service team in Europe, trained specialists directly employed by us to ensure your complete confidence.

Repair Service

UK: 08709 066 066 Republic of Ireland: 1850 302 200

You will be asked for the following information:-

Name, address and postcode. Telephone number Model / Serial number of the appliance Clear and concise details of the query or fault Place and Date of purchase

(Please keep the receipt as evidence will be required when the engineer calls).

Extended Warranty

To join: UK 08709 088 088 Republic of Ireland: 1850 502 200

Genuine Parts & Accessories Mail Order Hotline

UK: 08709 077 077 Republic of Ireland: (01) 842 6836

For further product information 08701 54 64 74

All Creda Services are offered as an extra benefit and do not affect your statutory rights.

Creda

General Domestic Appliances Limited, Morley Way, Peterborough, PE2 9JB

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